1	MODIFICATIONS TO RECORDING
2	REQUIREMENTS
3	2009 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Ralph Okerlund
6	House Sponsor: Kay L. McIff
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies county and municipal $\$ \rightarrow \text{recording}$ and related $\leftarrow \$$ provisions $\$ \rightarrow [\text{-relating}]$
10a	to the recording of
11	subdivision plats] ←Ŝ .
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	$\hat{S} \Rightarrow [$ $\rightarrow$ authorizes the county recorder to assign a different name to a subdivision on a plat
15	if the name duplicates one already assigned to a subdivision on a recorded plat;] ←Ŝ
16	<ul> <li>requires landowners to sign and dedicate a plat;</li> </ul>
17	\$→ [
18	reference to the filing number of a record of survey map, rather than that the
19	surveyor has completed a survey;
20	requires the filing of a surveyor's affidavit by a surveyor who sets monuments
21	during construction if that surveyor is not the same surveyor who made the plat;] ←Ŝ
22	<ul> <li>prohibits a person from submitting a subdivision plat for recording unless the plat</li> </ul>
23	has been dedicated by each owner;
24	Ŝ→ [
25	county recorder from recording the document;] ←Ŝ



26	<ul> <li>clarifies a provision relating to common or community areas on a plat;</li> </ul>
27	<ul> <li>modifies the process applicable to the dedication of public places under a plat;</li> </ul>
28	<ul> <li>modifies provisions relating to vacating or changing a subdivision plat;</li> </ul>
29	<ul> <li>modifies provisions relating to a legislative body's vacating a subdivision, street,</li> </ul>
30	alley, or easement and clarifies that the legislative body may vacate by recording an
31	ordinance describing what is being vacated;
32	<ul> <li>adds provisions relating to amended plats, correcting plats, and the signing of a plat</li> </ul>
33	by a management committee;
34	<ul> <li>modifies provisions relating to the recording or filing of documents;</li> </ul>
35	<ul> <li>modifies a provision prohibiting the liability of a county recorder under certain</li> </ul>
36	circumstances;
37	<ul> <li>modifies a provision relating to the abstracting of instruments; and</li> </ul>
38	<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
39	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
40	None
41	Other Special Clauses:
42	None
43	Utah Code Sections Affected:
44	AMENDS:
45	10-9a-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 326
46	10-9a-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 240
47	Ŝ→ [—10-9a-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 240] ←Ŝ
48	10-9a-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 268
49	10-9a-607, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
50	10-9a-608, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 163
51	10-9a-609, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 243
52	10-9a-609.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 243
53	17-21-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 241
54	17-21-20, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 147
55	17-27a-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 250 and 326
56	17-27a-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 240

57	\$→ [—17-27a-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 240] ←\$
58	17-27a-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 268
59	17-27a-607, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
60	17-27a-608, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 163
61	17-27a-609, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 243
62	17-27a-609.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 243
63	38-9-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 223
64	38-9-3, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 125
65	38-9-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 223
65a	Ŝ→ REPEALS:
65b	10-8-8.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 4 ←Ŝ
66 67	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
68	Section 1. Section <b>10-9a-603</b> is amended to read:
69	10-9a-603. Plat required when land is subdivided Approval of plat Owner
70	acknowledgment, surveyor certification, and underground utility facilities owner
71	approval of plat Recording plat.
72	(1) \$→ [(a)] ←\$ Unless exempt under Section 10-9a-605 or excluded from the definition of
73	subdivision under $\$ \rightarrow [\text{Subsection}] \text{ Section} \leftarrow \$ 10-9a-103 \$ \rightarrow [(44)] \leftarrow \$$ , whenever any land is laid out
73a	and platted, the
74	owner of the land shall provide an accurate plat that describes or specifies:
75	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (a) $[f] \stackrel{\cdot}{(i)}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a <u>subdivision</u> name [or <u>designation of the subdivision</u> ] that is distinct from any
76	subdivision name on a plat [already] recorded in the county recorder's office;
77	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (b) $[\frac{f(ii)}{f(ii)}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ the boundaries, course, and dimensions of all of the parcels of ground divided.
78	by their boundaries, course, and extent, whether the owner proposes that any parcel of ground
79	is intended to be used as a street or for any other public use, and whether any such area is
80	reserved or proposed for dedication for a public purpose;
81	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f](c)$ $[f](iii)$ $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ the lot or unit reference, block or building reference, street or site address,
82	street name or coordinate address, acreage or square footage for all parcels, units, or lots, and
83	length and width of the blocks and lots intended for sale; and
84	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (d) $[f] \cdot (f)$ every existing right-of-way and easement grant of record for underground
85	facilities, as defined in Section 54-8a-2, and for other utility facilities.
86	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{(b)}]$ The county recorder may assign a different name to a subdivision on a plat
87	submitted for recording if necessary to make the plat comply with the requirement of ] -\$

88	Ŝ→ [ <del>Subsection (1)(a)(i).</del> ] ←Ŝ
89	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (3), (4), and (5), if the plat conforms to the municipality's
90	ordinances and this part and has been approved by the culinary water authority and the sanitary
91	sewer authority, the municipality shall approve the plat.
92	(b) Municipalities are encouraged to receive a recommendation from the fire authority
93	before approving a plat.
94	(3) The municipality may withhold an otherwise valid plat approval until the owner of
95	the land provides the legislative body with a tax clearance indicating that all taxes, interest, and
96	penalties owing on the land have been paid.
97	(4) (a) [The] Each owner of the land [shall] described on the plat shall sign, dedicate,
98	and acknowledge the plat [before an officer authorized by law to take the acknowledgment of
99	conveyances of real estate and shall obtain the signature of each individual designated by the
100	municipality].
101	(b) The surveyor making the plat shall certify that the surveyor:
102	(i) holds a license in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and
103	Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
104	(ii) has \$→ [f] completed a [] provided a reference to the filing number of a record of survey
105	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{map}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ of the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{existing}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ property $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{boundary}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ described on the plat
105a	\$→ [and filed] ←\$ in accordance with
106	Section 17-23-17 \$→ [f] and has verified all measurements; and [†;] ←\$
107	(iii) has placed monuments as represented on the plat[:] \$→ [: and
108	(iv) has indicated monuments to be set during construction.
109	(c) If a monument is set during construction by a surveyor other than the surveyor who
110	made the plat, the surveyor setting the monument shall record a surveyor's affidavit in the
111	office of the county in which the property is located indicating:
112	(i) that the surveyor setting the monument holds a license in accordance with Title 58,
113	Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
114 115	(ii) that each monument is set in the location specified on the plat;
115 116	(iii) that the surveyor setting the monument has verified all measurements;  (iv) the location of each street and lot monument that varies from the monuments
117	specified on the plat; and

(v) the physical description of each monument set  $] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ .

118

119	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f](c)[\frac{1}{(c)}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ (i) As applicable, the owner or operator of the underground and utility
120	facilities shall approve the:
121	(A) boundary, course, dimensions, and intended use of the right-of-way and easement
122	grants of record;
123	(B) location of existing underground and utility facilities; and
124	(C) conditions or restrictions governing the location of the facilities within the
125	right-of-way, and easement grants of records, and utility facilities within the subdivision.
126	(ii) The approval of an owner or operator under Subsection (4)[(c)](d)(i):
127	(A) indicates only that the plat approximates the location of the existing underground
128	and utility facilities but does not warrant or verify their precise location; and
129	(B) does not affect a right that the owner or operator has under:
130	(I) Title 54, Chapter 8a, Damage to Underground Utility Facilities;
131	(II) a recorded easement or right-of-way;
132	(III) the law applicable to prescriptive rights; or
133	(IV) any other provision of law.
134	(5) (a) After the plat has been acknowledged, certified, and approved, the owner of the
135	land shall, within the time period designated by ordinance, record the plat in the county
136	recorder's office in the county in which the lands platted and laid out are situated.
137	(b) An owner's failure to record a plat within the time period designated by ordinance
138	renders the plat voidable.
139	Section 2. Section 10-9a-604 is amended to read:
140	10-9a-604. Subdivision plat approval procedure Effect of not complying.
141	(1) (a) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for
142	recording unless:
143	(i) the plat has been $\$ \rightarrow $ signed, $\leftarrow \$$ dedicated $\$ \rightarrow $ , and acknowledged $\leftarrow \$$ by each owner of
143a	record;
144	[(i)] (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a recommendation has been received
145	from the planning commission;
146	[(iii)] (iii) the plat has been approved by:
147	(A) the land use authority of the municipality in which the land described in the plat is
148	located; and
149	(B) other officers that the municipality designates in its ordinance; and

130	$\left(\frac{(m)}{(m)}\right)$ an approvais are entered in writing on the plat by the designated officers.
151	(b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply if the planning commission is the land use
152	authority.
153	(2) A subdivision plat recorded without the signatures required under this section is
154	void.
155	(3) A transfer of land pursuant to a void plat is voidable.
156	Ŝ→ [Section 3. Section 10-9a-605 is amended to read:
157	10-9a-605. Exemptions from plat requirement.
158	(1) Notwithstanding Sections 10-9a-603 and 10-9a-604, the land use authority may
159	approve a subdivision of ten lots or less without a plat, by certifying in writing that:
160	(a) the municipality has provided notice as required by ordinance; and
161	(b) the proposed subdivision:
162	(i) is not traversed by the mapped lines of a proposed street as shown in the general
163	plan and does not require the dedication of any land for street or other public purposes;
164	(ii) has been approved by the culinary water authority and the sanitary sewer authority;
165	(iii) is located in a zoned area; and
166	(iv) conforms to all applicable land use ordinances or has properly received a variance
167	from the requirements of an otherwise conflicting and applicable land use ordinance.
168	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (1), a lot or parcel resulting from a division of agricultural
169	land is exempt from the plat requirements of Section 10-9a-603 if the lot or parcel:
170	(i) qualifies as land in agricultural use under Section 59-2-502;
171	(ii) meets the minimum size requirement of applicable land use ordinances; and
172	(iii) is not used and will not be used for any nonagricultural purpose.
173	(b) The boundaries of each lot or parcel exempted under Subsection (1) shall be
174	graphically illustrated on a record of survey map that, after receiving the same approvals as are
175	required for a plat under Section 10-9a-604, shall be recorded with the county recorder.
176	(c) If a lot or parcel exempted under Subsection (2)(a) is used for a nonagricultural
177	purpose, the municipality may require the lot or parcel to comply with the requirements of
178	<del>Section 10-9a-603.</del>
179	(3) (a) Documents recorded in the county recorder's office that divide property by a
180	metes and bounds description do not create an approved subdivision allowed by this part unless] ←Ŝ

1	the document.
-	(b) The absence of the certificate or written approval required by Subsection (1) does
1	not <u>:</u>
-	(i) prohibit the county recorder from recording a document; or
-	(ii) affect the validity of a recorded document.
-	(c) A document which does not meet the requirements of Subsection (1) may be
	corrected by the recording of an affidavit to which the required certificate or written approval is
1	attached in accordance with Section 57-3-106.] ←\$
	Section 4. Section <b>10-9a-606</b> is amended to read:
	10-9a-606. Common or community area parcels on a plat No separate
(	ownership Ownership interest equally divided among other parcels on plat and
j	included in description of other parcels.
	(1) A parcel designated as common or community area on a plat recorded in
(	compliance with this part may not be separately owned or conveyed independent of the other
]	lots, units, or parcels created by the plat.
	(2) The ownership interest in a parcel described in Subsection (1) shall:
	(a) for purposes of assessment, be divided equally among all <u>lots</u> , <u>units</u> , <u>and</u> parcels
(	created by the plat, unless a different division of interest for assessment purposes is indicated
(	on the plat or an accompanying recorded document; and
	(b) be considered to be included in the description of each instrument describing a
]	parcel on the plat by its identifying plat number, even if the common or community area
i	interest is not explicitly stated in the instrument.
	Section 5. Section 10-9a-607 is amended to read:
	10-9a-607. Dedication of streets and other public places.
	(1) [Plats, when made, acknowledged, and recorded] A plat that is signed, dedicated,
3	and acknowledged by each owner of record, and approved according to the procedures
	specified in this part, [operate] operates, when recorded, as a dedication of all streets and other
]	public places, and [vest] vests the fee of those parcels of land in the municipality for the public
1	for the uses named or intended in [those plats] the plat.
	(2) The dedication established by this section does not impose liability upon the

212	municipality for streets and other public places that are dedicated in this manner but are
213	unimproved.
214	Section 6. Section 10-9a-608 is amended to read:
215	10-9a-608. Vacating or changing a subdivision plat.
216	(1) (a) Subject to Section 10-9a-609.5, and provided that notice has been given
217	pursuant to local ordinance and Section 10-9a-208, the land use authority may, with or without
218	a petition, consider and resolve any proposed vacation[, alteration,] or amendment of a
219	subdivision plat, any portion of a subdivision plat, or any lot, street, or easement contained in a
220	subdivision plat.
221	(b) If a petition is filed, the land use authority shall hold a public hearing within 45
222	days after the petition is filed or, if applicable, within 45 days after receipt of the planning
223	commission's recommendation under Subsection (2), if:
224	(i) any owner within the plat notifies the municipality of [their] the owner's objection
225	in writing within ten days of mailed notification; or
226	(ii) [a public hearing is required because] all of the owners in the subdivision or the
227	portion of the subdivision described in the partition have not signed the revised plat.
228	(2) (a) (i) The planning commission shall consider and provide a recommendation for a
229	proposed vacation[, alteration,] or amendment under Subsection (1)(a) before the land use
230	authority takes final action.
231	(ii) The planning commission shall give its recommendation within 30 days after the
232	proposed vacation[, alteration,] or amendment is referred to it, or as that time period is
233	extended by agreement with the applicant.
234	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply if the planning commission has been designated as
235	the land use authority.
236	(3) The public hearing requirement of Subsection (1)(b) does not apply and a land use
237	authority may consider at a public meeting an owner's petition to alter a subdivision plat if:
238	(a) the petition seeks to join two or more of the owner's contiguous, residential lots;
239	and
240	(b) notice has been given pursuant to local ordinance.
241	(4) Each request to vacate or [alter] amend a street or alley, contained in a petition to

vacate[, alter,] or amend a subdivision plat, is also subject to Section 10-9a-609.5.

243	(5) Any fee owner, as shown on the last county assessment rolls, of land within the
244	subdivision that has been laid out and platted as provided in this part may, in writing, petition
245	to have the plat, any portion of it, or any street or lot contained in it, vacated, altered, or
246	amended as provided in this section and Section 10-9a-609.5.
247	(6) Each petition to vacate[, alter,] or amend an entire plat, a portion of a plat, or a
248	street or lot contained in a plat shall include:
249	(a) the name and address of all owners of record of the land contained in the entire plat
250	or on that portion of the plat described in the petition;
251	(b) the name and address of all owners of record of land adjacent to any street that is
252	proposed to be vacated[ <del>, altered,</del> ] or amended; and
253	(c) the signature of each of these owners who consents to the petition.
254	(7) (a) The owners of record of adjacent parcels that are described by either a metes
255	and bounds description or a recorded plat may exchange title to portions of those parcels if the
256	exchange of title is approved by the land use authority in accordance with Subsection (7)(b).
257	(b) The land use authority shall approve an exchange of title under Subsection (7)(a) if
258	the exchange of title will not result in a violation of any land use ordinance.
259	(c) If an exchange of title is approved under Subsection (7)(b):
260	(i) a notice of approval shall be recorded in the office of the county recorder which:
261	(A) is executed by each owner included in the exchange and by the land use authority;
262	(B) contains an acknowledgment for each party executing the notice in accordance with
263	the provisions of Title 57, Chapter 2a, Recognition of Acknowledgments Act; and
264	(C) recites the descriptions of both the original parcels and the parcels created by the
265	exchange of title; and
266	(ii) a conveyance of title reflecting the approved change shall be recorded in the office
267	of the county recorder.
268	(d) A notice of approval recorded under this Subsection (7):
269	(i) does not act as a conveyance of title to real property; and
270	(ii) is not required [for the recording of] in order to record a document [purporting to
271	conveying title to real property.
272	(8) (a) The name of a recorded subdivision may be changed by recording an amended
273	plat making that change, as provided in this section and subject to Subsection (8)(c).

274	(b) The surveyor preparing the amended plat shall certify that the surveyor:
275	(i) holds a license in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and
276	Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
277	(ii) has completed a survey of the property described on the plat in accordance with
278	Section 17-23-17 and has verified all measurements; and
279	(iii) has placed monuments as represented on the plat.
280	(c) An owner of land may not submit for recording an amended plat that gives the
281	subdivision described in the amended plat the same name as a subdivision in a plat already
282	recorded in the county recorder's office.
283	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(a), the recording of a declaration or other
284	document that purports to change the name of a recorded plat is voidable.
285	Section 7. Section 10-9a-609 is amended to read:
286	10-9a-609. Land use authority consideration of petition to vacate or change a plat
287	Criteria for vacating or changing a plat Recording the vacation or change.
288	(1) If the land use authority is satisfied that neither the public interest nor any person
289	will be materially injured by the proposed vacation[, alteration,] or amendment, and that there
290	is good cause for the vacation[, alteration,] or amendment, the land use authority may vacate,
291	alter, or amend the plat or any portion of the plat, subject to Section 10-9a-609.5.
292	(2) The land use authority may approve the vacation[, alteration,] or amendment by
293	signing an amended plat showing the vacation[, alteration,] or amendment.
294	(3) The land use authority shall ensure that the amended plat showing the vacation[;
295	alteration,] or amendment is recorded in the office of the county recorder in which the land is
296	located.
297	[(4) If an entire subdivision is vacated, the legislative body shall ensure that a
298	legislative body resolution containing a legal description of the entire vacated subdivision is
299	recorded in the county recorder's office.]
300	(4) A legislative body may vacate a subdivision or a portion of a subdivision by
301	recording in the county recorder's office an ordinance describing the subdivision or the portion
302	being vacated.
303	(5) An amended plat may not be submitted to the county recorder for recording unless
304	it is signed, acknowledged, and dedicated by each owner of record of the portion of the plat

305	that is amended.
306	(6) A management committee may sign and dedicate an amended plat as provided in
307	Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act.
308	(7) A plat may be corrected as provided in Section 57-3-106.
309	Section 8. Section 10-9a-609.5 is amended to read:
310	10-9a-609.5. Vacating or amending a street, alley, or easement.
311	(1) (a) If a petition is submitted containing a request to vacate or [alter] amend any
312	portion of a street [or], alley [within a subdivision], or easement:
313	(i) the planning commission shall, after providing notice pursuant to local ordinance
314	and Section 10-9a-208, make a recommendation to the land use authority concerning the
315	request to vacate or [alter] amend; and
316	(ii) the land use authority shall hold a public hearing in accordance with Section
317	10-9a-208 and determine whether good cause exists for the vacation or [alteration] amendment.
318	(b) Subsection (1)(a)(i) does not apply if the planning commission has been designated
319	as a land use authority.
320	(2) If the land use authority vacates or [alters] amends any portion of a street [or], alley,
321	or easement, the land use authority shall ensure that the plat is recorded in the office of the
322	recorder of the county in which the land is located.
323	(3) A legislative body may vacate some or all of a street, alley, or easement by
324	recording in the county recorder's office an ordinance containing a legal description of the
325	vacated street, alley, or easement or the vacated portion of the street, alley, or easement, as the
326	case may be.
327	[3) The action of the land use authority vacating or $[narrowing]$ amending a street
328	[or], alley, or easement that has been dedicated to public use shall operate to the extent to
329	which it is vacated or [narrowed] amended, upon the effective date of the vacating plat, as a
330	revocation of the acceptance thereof, and the relinquishment of the city's fee therein, but the
331	right-of-way and easements therein, if any, of any lot owner and the franchise rights of any
332	public utility may not be impaired thereby.
333	Section 9. Section 17-21-6 is amended to read:
334	17-21-6. General duties of recorder Records and indexes.
335	(1) Each recorder shall:

- (a) keep an entry record, in which the recorder shall, upon acceptance <u>and recording</u> of any instrument, enter the instrument in the order of its [reception] <u>recording</u>, the names of the parties to the instrument, its date, the hour, the day of the month and the year of recording, and a brief description, and endorse upon each instrument a number corresponding with the number of the entry;
- (b) keep a grantors' index, in which the recorder shall index deeds and final judgments or decrees partitioning or affecting the title to or possession of real property, which shall show the entry number of the instrument, the name of each grantor in alphabetical order, the name of the grantee, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the kind of instrument, the book and page, and a brief description;
- (c) keep a grantees' index, in which the recorder shall index deeds and final judgments or decrees partitioning or affecting the title to or possession of real property, which shall show the entry number of the instrument, the name of each grantee in alphabetical order, the name of the grantor, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the kind of instrument, the book and page, and a brief description;
- (d) keep a mortgagors' index, in which the recorder shall enter all mortgages, deeds of trust, liens, and other instruments in the nature of an encumbrance upon real estate, which shall show the entry number of the instrument, the name of each mortgagor, debtor, or person charged with the encumbrance in alphabetical order, the name of the mortgagee, lien holder, creditor, or claimant, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the instrument, consideration, the book and page, and a brief description;
- (e) keep a mortgagees' index, in which the recorder shall enter all mortgages, deeds of trust, liens, and other instruments in the nature of an encumbrance upon real estate, which shall show the entry number of the instrument, the name of each mortgagee, lien holder, creditor, or claimant, in alphabetical order, the name of the mortgagor or person charged with the encumbrance, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the kind of instrument, the consideration, the book and page, and a brief description;
- (f) keep a tract index, which shall show by description every instrument recorded, the date and the kind of instrument, the time of recording, and the book and page and entry number;
  - (g) keep an index of recorded maps, plats, and subdivisions;

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367 (h) keep an index of powers of attorney showing the date and time of recording, the 368 book, the page, and the entry number; 369 (i) keep a miscellaneous index, in which the recorder shall enter all instruments of a 370 miscellaneous character not otherwise provided for in this section, showing the date of 371 recording, the book, the page, the entry number, the kind of instrument, from, to, and the 372 parties; 373 (j) keep an index of judgments showing the judgment debtors, the judgment creditors, 374 the amount of judgment, the date and time of recording, the satisfaction, and the book, the 375 page, and the entry number; and 376 (k) keep a general recording index in which the recorder shall index all executions and 377 writs of attachment, and any other instruments not required by law to be spread upon the 378 records, and in separate columns the recorder shall enter the names of the plaintiffs in the 379 execution and the names of the defendants in the execution. 380 (2) The recorder shall alphabetically arrange the indexes required by this section and 381 keep a reverse index. 382 (3) The tract index required by Subsection (1)(f) shall be kept so that it shows a true 383 chain of title to each tract or parcel, together with their encumbrances, according to the records 384 of the office. 385 (4) Nothing in this section prevents the recorder from using a single name index if that 386 index includes all of the indexes required by this section. 387 Section 10. Section **17-21-20** is amended to read: 388 17-21-20. Recording required -- Recorder may impose requirements on 389 documents to be recorded -- Prerequisites -- Additional fee for noncomplying documents 390 -- Recorder may require tax serial number -- Exceptions. 391 (1) Subject to Subsections (2), (3), and (4), each paper, notice, and instrument required 392 by law to be [filed] recorded in the office of the county recorder shall be recorded unless 393 otherwise provided. 394 (2) Each document executed on or after July 1, 2007 that is submitted for recording to 395 a county recorder's office shall:

(a) unless otherwise provided by law, be an original or certified copy of the document;

(b) be in English or be accompanied by an accurate English translation of the

390	document,
399	(c) contain a brief title, heading, or caption on the first page stating the nature of the
400	document;
401	(d) contain the legal description of the property that is the subject of the document;
402	(e) comply with the requirements of Section 17-21-25 and Subsections 57-3-105(1)
403	and (2);
404	(f) be notarized with the notary stamp with the seal legible; and
405	(g) have original signatures.
406	(3) (a) Beginning September 1, 2007, a county recorder may require that each paper,
407	notice, and instrument submitted for recording in the county recorder's office:
408	(i) be on white paper that is 8-1/2 inches by 11 inches in size;
409	(ii) have a margin of one inch on the left and right sides and at the bottom of each
410	page;
411	(iii) have a space of 2-1/2 inches down and 4-1/2 inches across the upper right corner
412	of the first page and a margin of one inch at the top of each succeeding page;
413	(iv) not be on sheets of paper that are continuously bound together at the side, top, or
414	bottom;
415	(v) not contain printed material on more than one side of each page;
416	(vi) be printed in black ink and not have text smaller than seven lines of text per
417	vertical inch; and
418	(vii) be sufficiently legible to make certified copies.
419	(b) A county recorder who intends to establish requirements under Subsection (3)(a)
420	shall first:
421	(i) provide formal notice of the requirements; and
422	(ii) establish and publish an effective date for the requirements that is at least three
423	months after the formal notice under Subsection (3)(b)(i).
424	(c) If a county recorder establishes requirements under this Subsection (3), the county
425	recorder may charge and collect from persons who submit a document for recording that does
426	not comply with the requirements, in addition to any other fee that the county recorder is
427	authorized to charge and collect, a fee that:
428	(i) is calculated to recover the additional cost of handling and recording noncomplying

429	documents, and
430	(ii) may not exceed \$2 per page.
431	(4) (a) To facilitate the abstracting of an instrument, a county recorder may require that
432	the applicable tax serial number of each parcel [affected by] described in the instrument
433	[appear on each] be noted on the instrument before it may be accepted for recording.
434	(b) If a county recorder requires the applicable tax serial number to be on an instrument
435	before it may be recorded:
436	(i) the county recorder shall post a notice of that requirement in a conspicuous place at
437	the recorder's office;
438	(ii) the tax serial number may not be considered to be part of the legal description and
439	may be indicated on the margin of the instrument; and
440	(iii) an error in the tax serial number does not affect the validity of the instrument or
441	effectiveness of the recording.
442	(5) Subsections (2), (3), and (4) do not apply to:
443	(a) a map;
444	(b) a certificate or affidavit of death;
445	(c) a military discharge;
446	(d) a document regarding taxes that is issued by the Internal Revenue Service of the
447	United States Department of the Treasury;
448	(e) a document submitted for recording that has been filed with a court and conforms to
449	the formatting requirements established by the court; or
450	(f) a document submitted for recording that is in a form required by law.
451	Section 11. Section 17-27a-603 is amended to read:
452	17-27a-603. Plat required when land is subdivided Approval of plat
453	Recording plat.
454	(1) $\$ \rightarrow [\underbrace{(a)}] \leftarrow \$$ Unless exempt under Section 17-27a-605 or excluded from the definition of
455	subdivision under $\$ \rightarrow [Subsection]$ Section $\leftarrow \$$ 17-27a-103 $\$ \rightarrow [(48)]$ $\leftarrow \$$ , whenever any land is laid out
455a	and platted, the
456	owner of the land shall provide an accurate plat that describes or specifies:
457	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (a) $[\frac{1}{f}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a <u>subdivision</u> name [or <u>designation of the subdivision</u> ] that is distinct from any
458	subdivision name on a plat [already] recorded in the county recorder's office;
459	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (b) $[\frac{1}{1}]$ ( $\hat{I}$ ) the boundaries, course, and dimensions of all of the parcels of ground divided,

460	by their boundaries, course, and extent, whether the owner proposes that any parcel of ground
461	is intended to be used as a street or for any other public use, and whether any such area is
462	reserved or proposed for dedication for a public purpose;
463	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (c) $[f]$ (iii) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ the lot or unit reference, block or building reference, street or site address,
464	street name or coordinate address, acreage or square footage for all parcels, units, or lots, and
465	length and width of the blocks and lots intended for sale; and
466	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (d) $[\frac{1}{(iv)}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ every existing right-of-way and easement grant of record for underground
467	facilities, as defined in Section 54-8a-2, and for other utility facilities.
468	\$→ [(b) The county recorder may assign a different name to a subdivision on a plat
469	submitted for recording if necessary to make the plat comply with the requirement of
470	Subsection (1)(a)(i).] $\leftarrow \hat{S}$
471	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (3), (4), and (5), if the plat conforms to the county's
472	ordinances and this part and has been approved by the culinary water authority and the sanitary
473	sewer authority, the county shall approve the plat.
474	(b) Counties are encouraged to receive a recommendation from the fire authority before
475	approving a plat.
476	(3) The county may withhold an otherwise valid plat approval until the owner of the
477	land provides the legislative body with a tax clearance indicating that all taxes, interest, and
478	penalties owing on the land have been paid.
479	(4) (a) [The] Each owner of the land [shall] described on the plat shall sign, dedicate,
480	and acknowledge the plat [before an officer authorized by law to take the acknowledgment of
481	conveyances of real estate and shall obtain the signature of each individual designated by the
482	<del>county</del> ].
483	(b) The surveyor making the plat shall certify that the surveyor:
484	(i) holds a license in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and
485	Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
486	(ii) has \$→ [f] completed a [] provided a reference to the filing number of a record of] ←\$
486a	survey
487	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{map}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ of the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{existing}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ property $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{boundary}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ described on the plat
487a	\$→ [and filed] ←\$ in accordance with
488	Section 17-23-17 \$→ [f] and has verified all measurements; and [j:] ←\$
489	(iii) has placed monuments as represented on the plat[-] <b>\$→</b> [; and

(iv) has indicated monuments to be set during construction  $-\hat{S}$ .

490

491	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{(c)}]$ If a monument is set during construction by a surveyor other than the surveyor who
492	made the plat, the surveyor setting the monument shall record a surveyor's affidavit in the
493	office of the county in which the property is located indicating:
494	(i) that the surveyor setting the monument holds a license in accordance with Title 58,
495	Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
496	(ii) that each monument is set in the location specified on the plat;
497	(iii) that the surveyor setting the monument has verified all measurements;
498	(iv) the location of each street and lot monument that varies from the monuments
<b>499 500</b>	specified on the plat; and
501	(v) the physical description of each monument set.  [1 (a) [1-(b)] (b) (c) As applicable, the award or operator of the underground and utility.
	[] (c) $[\frac{1}{2}]$ (i) As applicable, the owner or operator of the underground and utility
502	facilities shall approve the:
503	(A) boundary, course, dimensions, and intended use of the right-of-way and easement
504	grants of record;
505	(B) location of existing underground and utility facilities; and
506	(C) conditions or restrictions governing the location of the facilities within the
507	right-of-way, and easement grants of records, and utility facilities within the subdivision.
508	(ii) The approval of an owner or operator under Subsection (4)[(c)](d)(i):
509	(A) indicates only that the plat approximates the location of the existing underground
510	and utility facilities but does not warrant or verify their precise location; and
511	(B) does not affect a right that the owner or operator has under:
512	(I) Title 54, Chapter 8a, Damage to Underground Utility Facilities;
513	(II) a recorded easement or right-of-way;
514	(III) the law applicable to prescriptive rights; or
515	(IV) any other provision of law.
516	(5) (a) After the plat has been acknowledged, certified, and approved, the owner of the
517	land shall, within the time period designated by ordinance, record the plat in the county
518	recorder's office in the county in which the lands platted and laid out are situated.
519	(b) An owner's failure to record a plat within the time period designated by ordinance
520	renders the plat voidable.
521	Section 12. Section 17-27a-604 is amended to read:

522	17-27a-604. Subdivision plat approval procedure Effect of not complying.
523	(1) (a) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for
524	recording unless:
525	(i) the plat has been \$→ signed, ←\$ dedicated \$→, and acknowledged ←\$ by each owner of
	record;
526	[(i)] (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a recommendation has been received
527	from the planning commission;
528	[(iii)] (iii) the plat has been approved by:
529	(A) the land use authority of the county in whose unincorporated area the land
530	described in the plat is located; and
531	(B) other officers that the county designates in its ordinance; and
532	[(iii)] (iv) all approvals are entered in writing on the plat by designated officers.
533	(b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply if the planning commission is the land use
534	authority.
535	(2) A plat recorded without the signatures required under this section is void.
536	(3) A transfer of land pursuant to a void plat is voidable.
537	Ŝ→ [Section 13. Section 17-27a-605 is amended to read:
538	17-27a-605. Exemptions from plat requirement.
539	(1) Notwithstanding Sections 17-27a-603 and 17-27a-604, the land use authority may
540	approve the subdivision of unincorporated land into ten lots or less without a plat, by certifying
541	in writing that:
542	(a) the county has provided notice as required by ordinance; and
543	(b) the proposed subdivision:
544	(i) is not traversed by the mapped lines of a proposed street as shown in the general
545	plan and does not require the dedication of any land for street or other public purposes;
546	(ii) has been approved by the culinary water authority and the sanitary sewer authority;
547	(iii) is located in a zoned area; and
548	(iv) conforms to all applicable land use ordinances or has properly received a variance
549	from the requirements of an otherwise conflicting and applicable land use ordinance.
550	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (1), a lot or parcel resulting from a division of agricultural
551	land is exempt from the plat requirements of Section 17-27a-603 if the lot or parcel:
552	(i) qualifies as land in agricultural use under Section 59-2-502;] ←Ŝ

333	S→ [(ii) meets the minimum size requirement of applicable land use ordinances; and
554	(iii) is not used and will not be used for any nonagricultural purpose.
555	(b) The boundaries of each lot or parcel exempted under Subsection (1) shall be
556	graphically illustrated on a record of survey map that, after receiving the same approvals as are
557	required for a plat under Section 17-27a-604, shall be recorded with the county recorder.
558	(c) If a lot or parcel exempted under Subsection (2)(a) is used for a nonagricultural
559	purpose, the county may require the lot or parcel to comply with the requirements of Section
<b>560</b>	<del>17-27a-603.</del>
<b>561</b>	(3) (a) Documents recorded in the county recorder's office that divide property by a
562	metes and bounds description do not create an approved subdivision allowed by this part unless
563	the land use authority's certificate of written approval required by Subsection (1)(a)(ii) is
564	attached to the document.
565	(b) The absence of the certificate or written approval required by Subsection (1) does
<b>566</b>	not:
567	(i) prohibit the county recorder from recording a document; or
568	(ii) affect the validity of a recorded document.
569	(c) A document which does not meet the requirements of Subsection (1) may be
570	corrected by the recording of an affidavit to which the required certificate or written approval is
571	attached in accordance with Section 57-3-106.] ←Ŝ
572	Section $\$ \rightarrow [14] 12 \leftarrow \$$ . Section 17-27a-606 is amended to read:
573	17-27a-606. Common or community area parcels on a plat No separate
574	ownership Ownership interest equally divided among other parcels on plat and
575	included in description of other parcels.
576	(1) A parcel designated as common or community area on a plat recorded in
577	compliance with this part may not be separately owned or conveyed independent of the other
578	lots, units, or parcels created by the plat.
579	(2) The ownership interest in a parcel described in Subsection (1) shall:
580	(a) for purposes of assessment, be divided equally among all <u>lots</u> , <u>units</u> , <u>and</u> parcels
581	created by the plat, unless a different division of interest for assessment purposes is indicated
582	on the plat or an accompanying recorded document; and
583	(b) be considered to be included in the description of each instrument describing a
	(5) 55 constacted to 55 included in the description of each institution describing the

extended by agreement with the applicant.

584	parcel on the plat by its identifying plat number, even if the common or community area
585	interest is not explicitly stated in the instrument.
586	Section 15. Section 17-27a-607 is amended to read:
587	17-27a-607. Dedication of streets and other public places.
588	(1) [Plats, when made, acknowledged, and recorded] A plat that is signed, dedicated,
589	and acknowledged by each owner of record, and approved according to the procedures
590	specified in this part, [operate] operates, when recorded, as a dedication of all streets and other
591	public places, and [vest] vests the fee of those parcels of land in the county for the public for
592	the uses named or intended in [those plats] the plat.
593	(2) The dedication established by this section does not impose liability upon the county
594	for streets and other public places that are dedicated in this manner but are unimproved.
595	Section 16. Section 17-27a-608 is amended to read:
596	17-27a-608. Vacating or changing a subdivision plat.
597	(1) (a) Subject to Section 17-27a-609.5, and provided that notice has been given
598	pursuant to local ordinance and Section 17-27a-208, the land use authority may, with or
599	without a petition, consider and resolve any proposed vacation[ <del>, alteration,</del> ] or amendment of a
600	subdivision plat, any portion of a subdivision plat, or any lot, street, or easement contained in a
601	subdivision plat.
602	(b) If a petition is filed, the land use authority shall hold a public hearing within 45
603	days after the petition is filed or, if applicable, within 45 days after receipt of the planning
604	commission's recommendation under Subsection (2), if:
605	(i) any owner within the plat notifies the county of [their] the owner's objection in
606	writing within ten days of mailed notification; or
607	(ii) [a public hearing is required because] all of the owners in the subdivision or the
608	portion of the subdivision described in the partition have not signed the revised plat.
609	(2) (a) (i) The planning commission shall consider and provide a recommendation for a
610	proposed vacation[, alteration,] or amendment under Subsection (1)(a) before the land use
611	authority takes final action.
612	(ii) The planning commission shall give its recommendation within 30 days after the
613	proposed vacation[ <del>, alteration,</del> ] or amendment is referred to it, or as that time period is

615	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply if the planning commission has been designated as
616	the land use authority.
617	(3) The public hearing requirement of Subsection (1)(b) does not apply and a land use
618	authority may consider at a public meeting an owner's petition to alter a subdivision plat if:
619	(a) the petition seeks to join two or more of the owner's contiguous, residential lots;
620	and
621	(b) notice has been given pursuant to local ordinance.
622	(4) Each request to vacate or [alter] amend a street or alley, contained in a petition to
623	vacate[ <del>, alter,</del> ] or amend a subdivision plat, is also subject to Section 17-27a-609.5.
624	(5) Any fee owner, as shown on the last county assessment rolls, of land within the
625	subdivision that has been laid out and platted as provided in this part may, in writing, petition
626	to have the plat, any portion of it, or any street or lot contained in it, vacated, altered, or
627	amended as provided in this section and Section 17-27a-609.5.
628	(6) Each petition to vacate[, alter,] or amend an entire plat, a portion of a plat, or a
629	street or lot contained in a plat shall include:
630	(a) the name and address of all owners of record of the land contained in the entire plat
631	or on that portion of the plat described in the petition;
632	(b) the name and address of all owners of record of land adjacent to any street that is
633	proposed to be vacated[ <del>, altered,</del> ] or amended; and
634	(c) the signature of each of these owners who consents to the petition.
635	(7) (a) The owners of record of adjacent parcels that are described by either a metes
636	and bounds description or a recorded plat may exchange title to portions of those parcels if the
637	exchange of title is approved by the land use authority in accordance with Subsection (7)(b).
638	(b) The land use authority shall approve an exchange of title under Subsection (7)(a) if
639	the exchange of title will not result in a violation of any land use ordinance.
640	(c) If an exchange of title is approved under Subsection (7)(b):
641	(i) a notice of approval shall be recorded in the office of the county recorder which:
642	(A) is executed by each owner included in the exchange and by the land use authority;
643	(B) contains an acknowledgment for each party executing the notice in accordance with
644	the provisions of Title 57, Chapter 2a, Recognition of Acknowledgments Act; and
645	(C) recites the descriptions of both the original parcels and the parcels created by the

646	exchange of title; and
647	(ii) a conveyance of title reflecting the approved change shall be recorded in the office
648	of the county recorder.
649	(d) A notice of approval recorded under this Subsection (7):
650	(i) does not act as a conveyance of title to real property; and
651	(ii) is not required [for the recording of] in order to record a document [purporting to
652	conveying title to real property.
653	(8) (a) The name of a recorded subdivision may be changed by recording an amended
654	plat making that change, as provided in this section and subject to Subsection (8)(c).
655	(b) The surveyor preparing the amended plat shall certify that the surveyor:
656	(i) holds a license in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and
657	Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
658	(ii) has completed a survey of the property described on the plat in accordance with
659	Section 17-23-17 and has verified all measurements; and
660	(iii) has placed monuments as represented on the plat.
661	(c) An owner of land may not submit for recording an amended plat that gives the
662	subdivision described in the amended plat the same name as a subdivision in a plat already
663	recorded in the county recorder's office.
664	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(a), the recording of a declaration or other
665	document that purports to change the name of a recorded plat is voidable.
666	Section 17. Section 17-27a-609 is amended to read:
667	17-27a-609. Land use authority consideration of petition to vacate or change a
668	plat Criteria for vacating or changing a plat Recording the vacation or change.
669	(1) If the land use authority is satisfied that neither the public interest nor any person
670	will be materially injured by the proposed vacation[ <del>, alteration,</del> ] or amendment, and that there
671	is good cause for the vacation[ <del>, alteration,</del> ] or amendment, the land use authority may vacate[ <del>,</del>
672	alter,] or amend the plat or any portion of the plat, subject to Section 17-27a-609.5.
673	(2) The land use authority may approve the vacation[, alteration,] or amendment by
674	signing an amended plat showing the vacation[, alteration,] or amendment.
675	(3) The land use authority shall ensure that the amended plat showing the vacation[;

alteration,] or amendment is recorded in the office of the county recorder in which the land is

677	located.
678	[(4) If an entire subdivision is vacated, the legislative body shall ensure that a
679	legislative body resolution containing a legal description of the entire vacated subdivision is
680	recorded in the county recorder's office.]
681	(4) A legislative body may vacate a subdivision or a portion of a subdivision by
682	recording in the county recorder's office an ordinance describing the subdivision or the portion
683	being vacated.
684	(5) An amended plat may not be submitted to the county recorder for recording unless
685	it is signed, acknowledged, and dedicated by each owner of record of the portion of the plat
686	that is amended.
687	(6) A management committee may sign and dedicate an amended plat as provided in
688	Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act.
689	(7) A plat may be corrected as provided in Section 57-3-106.
690	Section 18. Section 17-27a-609.5 is amended to read:
691	17-27a-609.5. Vacating or amending a street, alley, or easement.
692	(1) (a) If a petition is submitted containing a request to vacate or [alter] amend any
693	portion of a street [or], alley [within a subdivision], or easement:
694	(i) the planning commission shall, after providing notice pursuant to local ordinance
695	and Section 17-27a-208, make a recommendation to the land use authority concerning the
696	request to vacate or [alter] amend; and
697	(ii) the land use authority shall hold a public hearing in accordance with Section
698	17-27a-208 and determine whether good cause exists for the vacation or [alteration]
699	amendment.
700	(b) Subsection (1)(a)(i) does not apply if the planning commission has been designated
701	as a land use authority.
702	(2) If the land use authority vacates or [alters] amends any portion of a street [or], alley,
703	or easement, the land use authority shall ensure that the plat is recorded in the office of the
704	recorder of the county in which the land is located.
705	(3) A legislative body may vacate some or all of a street, alley, or easement by
706	recording in the county recorder's office an ordinance containing a legal description of the
707	vacated street, alley, or easement or the vacated portion of the street, alley, or easement, as the

708 case may be.

- [<del>(3)</del>] <u>(4)</u> The action of the land use authority vacating or [narrowing] amending a street [or], alley, or easement that has been dedicated to public use shall operate to the extent to which it is vacated or [narrowed] amended, upon the effective date of the vacating plat, as a revocation of the acceptance thereof, and the relinquishment of the county's fee therein, but the right-of-way and easements therein, if any, of any lot owner and the franchise rights of any public utility may not be impaired thereby.
  - Section 19. Section **38-9-1** is amended to read:

#### 38-9-1. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Interest holder" means a person who holds or possesses a present, lawful property interest in certain real property, including an owner, title holder, mortgagee, trustee, or beneficial owner.
- (2) "Lien claimant" means a person claiming an interest in real property who offers a document for recording [or filing] with any county recorder in the state asserting a lien, or notice of interest, or other claim of interest in certain real property.
- (3) "Owner" means a person who has a vested ownership interest in certain real property.
- (4) "Record interest holder" means a person who holds or possesses a present, lawful property interest in certain real property, including an owner, titleholder, mortgagee, trustee, or beneficial owner, and whose name and interest in that real property appears in the county recorder's records for the county in which the property is located.
- (5) "Record owner" means an owner whose name and ownership interest in certain real property is recorded [or filed] in the county recorder's records for the county in which the property is located.
- (6) "Wrongful lien" means any document that purports to create a lien, notice of interest, or encumbrance on an owner's interest in certain real property and at the time it is recorded [or filed] is not:
  - (a) expressly authorized by this chapter or another state or federal statute;
- 737 (b) authorized by or contained in an order or judgment of a court of competent 738 jurisdiction in the state; or

739	(c) signed by or authorized pursuant to a document signed by the owner of the rea
740	property.

Section 20. Section 38-9-3 is amended to read:

# 38-9-3. County recorder may reject wrongful lien within scope of employment -- Good faith requirement.

- (1) A county recorder may reject recording of a lien if the county recorder determines the lien is a wrongful lien as defined in Section 38-9-1. If the county recorder rejects the document, the county recorder shall immediately return the original document together with a notice that the document was rejected pursuant to this section to the person attempting to record [or file] the document or to the address provided on the document.
- (2) A county recorder who, within the scope of the county recorder's employment, rejects or accepts a document for recording [or filing] in good faith under this section may not be liable for damages [except as otherwise provided by law].
- (3) If a rejected document is later found to be recordable pursuant to a court order, it shall have no retroactive recording priority.
- (4) Nothing in this chapter shall preclude any person from pursuing any remedy pursuant to Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 65A, Injunctions.

Section 21. Section 38-9-4 is amended to read:

## 38-9-4. Civil liability for filing wrongful lien -- Damages.

- (1) A lien claimant who records [or files] or causes a wrongful lien as defined in Section 38-9-1 to be recorded [or filed] in the office of the county recorder against real property is liable to a record interest holder for any actual damages proximately caused by the wrongful lien.
- (2) If the person in violation of Subsection (1) refuses to release or correct the wrongful lien within ten days from the date of written request from a record interest holder of the real property delivered personally or mailed to the last-known address of the lien claimant, the person is liable to that record interest holder for \$3,000 or for treble actual damages, whichever is greater, and for reasonable attorney fees and costs.
- (3) A person is liable to the record owner of real property for \$10,000 or for treble actual damages, whichever is greater, and for reasonable attorney fees and costs, who records [or files] or causes to be recorded [or filed] a wrongful lien as defined in Section 38-9-1 in the

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770	office of the county recorder against the real property, knowing or having reason to know that
771	the document:
772	(a) is a wrongful lien;
773	(b) is groundless; or
774	(c) contains a material misstatement or false claim.
774a	Ŝ→ <u>Section 22. Repealer.</u>
774b	This bill repeals:
774c	Section 10-8-8.5, Effect of vacation or narrowing of street or alley. ←Ŝ

### S.B. 63 1st Sub. (Green) - Modifications to Recording Requirements

## **Fiscal Note**

2009 General Session State of Utah

## **State Impact**

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

### Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/13/2009, 9:17:04 AM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst